

# **Shoulder Dislocation**

# Information for patients

## Virtual Fracture Care Team: Shared care plan

Orthopaedic Department Tunbridge Wells Hospital Tonbridge Road Pembury TN2 4QJ Telephone: 01892 638450 Email: <u>mtw-tr.fracturecare@nhs.net</u>

This is a follow-up letter to your recent telephone consultation with the Virtual Fracture Care Team explaining the ongoing management of your injury. Your case has been reviewed by an Orthopaedic Consultant (Bone and joint Specialist) and Fracture Care Physiotherapist.

You have sustained a soft tissue injury to your shoulder where the ball becomes dislocated from the socket. There can be an associated fracture and structures surrounding the joint may have been injured.

- **Healing:** This normally takes approximately 2-6 weeks to settle, though there may be some aching on strenuous or repetitive overhead activities for up to 3-6 months.
- Pain:Take pain relief as prescribed.You may find it more comfortable to sleep propped up with pillows.
- **Movement:** You may use the arm, as described in the rehabilitation plan on the next page. It is important to keep the shoulder moving to prevent stiffness but not to aggravate it). You want to avoid the extremes of movement.
- **Follow up:** These injuries are reviewed in the shoulder clinic and typically referred to physiotherapy for further rehabilitation.

Area of injury:



If you are worried that you are unable to follow this rehabilitation plan, or have any questions, then please phone the Virtual Fracture Care Team for advice.

**Or** if you are experiencing pain and symptoms anywhere else, other than at the site of the original injury or surrounding area, please also get in touch using the telephone or e-mail details at the top of this letter.

# Please follow the management/ rehabilitation plan below:

Weeks since injury	Plan
0-1	Wear the sling during the day except for exercises and personal hygiene unless advised otherwise.
	You do not need to wear the sling at night.
	✓ Start initial exercises (see next page).
	Do not do any heavy lifting/work
	Avoid repetitive overhead movements
	Avoid reaching behind your back, head or out to the side
1-2	Try to reduce the use of the sling.
	Continue to avoid reaching behind your back, head or out to the side
	$\checkmark$ Begin normal light activities with the arm and shoulder.
	Increase movement as shown in the Stage 2 exercises.
3	<ul> <li>You should have a review with a consultant who may refer you to physiotherapy</li> </ul>
3-6	Resume normal activity but be guided by any pain you are experiencing.
	Carry out day to day activities.
	Heavy tasks may cause discomfort.
	Continue to avoid reaching behind your back, head or out to the side

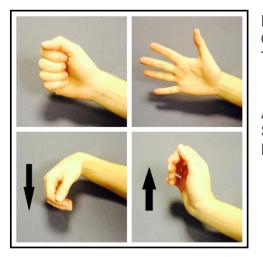
# Advice for a new injury

- **Cold packs:** A cold pack (ice pack or frozen peas wrapped in a damp towel) can provide shortterm pain relief. Apply this to the sore area for up to 15 minutes, every few hours. The ice must never be in direct contact with the skin.
- **Rest:** Try to rest your shoulder for the first 24-72 hours. However, it is important to maintain movement. Gently move your shoulder following the exercises shown. These should not cause too much pain. This will ensure your shoulder does not become stiff and it will help the healing process.

# **Exercises:**

If you have stiffness in your elbow or hand from wearing the sling, you may wish to perform these exercises first. However, once they become easy you can stop these but continue with the shoulder exercises.

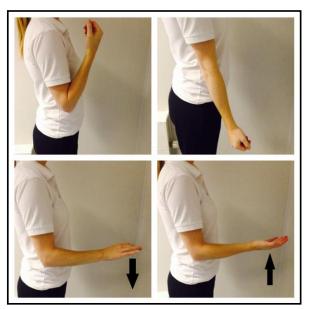
## Initial exercises to be done 5-6 times a day



#### Finger and wrist flexion and extension

Open and close your hand as shown 10-15 times. Then move your wrist up and down 10-15 times.

After a few days, hold a soft ball or a ball of socks. Squeeze the ball as hard as possible without pain. Hold for 5 seconds and repeat 10 times.



## Elbow bend to straighten

Bend and straighten your elbow as far as you can without pain.

You should not feel more than a mild to moderate stretch.

You can use your other arm to assist if necessary. Repeat 10 - 15 times if there is no increase in pain.

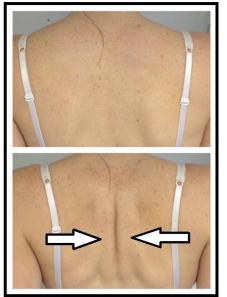
#### Forearm rotations

Begin this exercise with your elbow at your side and bent to 90 degrees.

Slowly turn your palm up and down as far as you can go without pain.

You should not feel more than a mild to moderate stretch.

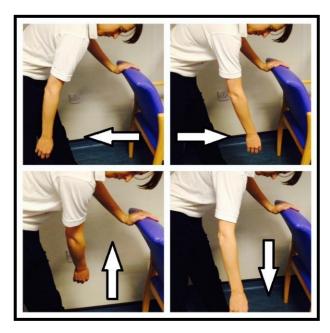
You can use your other arm to assist if necessary. Repeat 10 - 15 times if there is no increase in pain.



#### **Postural awareness**

Bring your shoulders back and squeeze your shoulder blades together as shown in the picture. Do this with or without your sling on.

Hold the position for 20-30 seconds and repeat 5 times as long as there is no increase in symptoms.



# Shoulder pendulum exercises

Stand and lean forward supporting yourself with your other hand. Try to relax your injured arm and let it hang down.

- 1. Swing your arm slowly and gently forwards and backwards.
- 2. Swing your arm slowly and gently side to side.
- 3. Swing your arm slowly and gently in circles clockwise.

Continue for approximately 1-2 minutes in total provided there is no increase in symptoms.

Remember to try and relax your arm.

# Stage 2 exercises to do 4-5 times a day

# To start at 2 - 3 weeks:



#### Active assisted shoulder flexion

Use your other hand to lift your arm up in front of you as shown in the pictures.

Repeat 10 times provided there is no increase in symptoms.



## Active assisted external rotation

Keep the elbow of your injured arm tucked into your side and your elbow bent. Hold onto a stick/umbrella/golf club or similar.

Use your unaffected arm to push your injured hand outwards. Remember to keep your elbow tucked in. Push until you feel a stretch.

If you don't have a stick you could simply hold the injured arm at the wrist and guide it outwards.

Hold for 5 seconds then return to the starting position. Repeat 10 times provided there is no increase in symptoms.

# Stage 3 exercises to do 4-5 times a day

# To start at 6 weeks:

When you have full range of movement without pain, using your other hand to support, you can start to do the exercises <u>without</u> the support of your other hand; this is known as active range of movement. Then when you have regained your full range of movement without the support of the other arm you can start to build up your regular activities.

#### Active forward flexion:

With your thumb facing up, try to move your arm up, keeping it close beside your body.



#### Active external rotation

With your elbow by your side, rotate your forearm outwards, keeping your elbow at right angles.



Repeat these 3 exercises 10 times each, 4-5 times a day.

Only go as far as you can naturally, without doing any trick movements to try and get further.

The movement will increase over time and should not be forced.

If you are having problems progressing with the exercises and have a follow-up consultation booked, please let the clinician know so that they can review the exercises.

## Further information and advice can be obtained from:

NHS 111	<b>2</b> 111
NHS Choices online	www.nhs.uk

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Telephone: 201622 224960 or 201892 632953

Email: <u>mtw-tr.palsoffice@nhs.net</u>

or visit their office at either Maidstone or Tunbridge Wells Hospital between 9.00am and 5.00pm, Monday to Friday.

You can be confident that your care will not be affected by highlighting any areas of concern or making a complaint. The Trust will retain a record of your contact, which is held separately to any medical records. If you are acting on behalf of a patient, we may need to obtain the patient's consent in order to protect patient confidentiality. More information on PALS or making a complaint can be found on the Trust's website: www.mtw.nhs.uk or pick up a leaflet from main reception.

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